ASCOT HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE

BIOLOGY

GRADE: 10

TERM 1: SEPTEMBER-DECEMBER 2025

National Goals: Jamaica Has A Healthy Natural Environment Jamaicans are empowered to achieve their fullest potential.

Unit	Duration	Topic	Specific Objectives	Suggested Teaching and Learning Activities	Assessment/ Practical Activities
Orientation Activities & Diagnostic Test: September 1-12					
Living Organisms In The Environment	3 weeks Sept. 15-Oct.3	Classification of Living Organisms	Group living organisms found in a named habitat based on observed similarities and differences.	Nature walks. Organize students in groups to observe organisms (plants and/or animals) in their natural habitat. Classify organisms based on visible characteristics, such as hairiness, colour, shape, venation, number of legs and wings, and body segmentation of organs found in both plants and animals as appropriate. Common names of organisms and groups are acceptable. (Simple Classification)	Practical Based Activity1: Worksheet on Grouping Organisms based on Visible Features
				Make drawings and construct tables to record observations where necessary.	Practical Based Activity 2: Construct a table and Group at least ten (10) organisms

					based on similarities/differences.
Living Organisms In The Environment			Classify organisms into taxonomic groups based on physical similarities.	Classify organisms into Five Kingdoms (Plantae, Animalia, Fungi (mushroom), Prokaryotae (bacteria) and Protoctista (Amoeba).	GRADED CLASSWORK (10%) Past Paper Questions on Classification
				Further subdivision of the Animal Kingdom into Phyla, for example, Chordata which includes Classes (fish, reptiles, insects, birds mammals). These are further classified to the level of species. Mention that Modern classification uses DNA sequences to determine ancestry. Video Links https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=SIbFuiCfkr8	Classification of Humans • Kingdom Animalia • Phylum Chordata • Class Mammalia • Order Primates • Family Hominidae • Genus Homo • Species sapiens
Unit	Duration	Topic	Specific Objectives	Suggested Teaching and Learning Activities	Assessment/ Practical Activities
Living Organisms In The Environment	3 weeks Oct. 6-24	Ecology	Carry out a simple ecological study using the most appropriate collecting and sampling methods.	Use quadrats to investigate the distribution of species in a particular habitat. Estimate the density	Practical Based Activity 3: Use a quadrat to calculate species density and frequency.
				of a particular species.	

		Calculate average (mean)/density. Discuss the use of pooters, bottles, jars, nets, sieves, quadrats, line and belt transects, mark, release and recapture methods to collect data on organisms from a named habitat. Video Link https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=ZhQpbkvA13U	GRADED HOMEWORK (10%) PAST PAPER QUESTION ON ECOLOGICAL STUDY
	Distinguish between the following pairs of terms: a. Abiotic and Biotic factors b. Niche and Habitat c. Population and Community d. Species and Population	Differentiate between the following terms: Ecology, Environment, Ecosystem, Abiotic and Biotic Factors, Habitat, Niche, Species, Population and Community. Video Link https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=dvfQqL1VVTI	
	Discuss the impact of the abiotic factors (soil, water, and climate) on living organisms.	1.Discuss the importance of soil in providing water, mineral, nutrients and oxygen. 2.Importance of air in providing various raw materials (water, oxygen, carbon dioxide, nitrogen)	Practical Based Activity 4: TEST 2 (20%) To determine air content and water holding capacity of three samples of soil.

				light and temperature to living organisms.		
	1	1	MID-TERM BREAK: Oc			
	SESSIONAL TEST 1 WRITTEN PAPER (20%)					
Unit	Duration	Topic	Specific Objectives	Suggested Teaching and	Assessment/	
				Learning Activities	Practical Activities	
Living	3 weeks	Food Chains	Identify the relative	Differentiate between producers	Construct food chains and	
Organisms In	November 3-21	and Food	positions of producers and	and consumers.	webs.	
The		Webs	consumers in food chains.			
Environment				Provide a number		
				of organisms from		
				which to construct food chains		
				and a food webs.		
				Construct simple pyramids		
			Identify from each habitat,	Construct food		
			a food chain containing at	chains using		
			least four organisms.	organisms in each habitat		
				(Terrestrial, marine and		
				freshwater)		
			X1 .: C C 1.1.1:	D 6' 4 6 11 '		
			Identify from each habitat:	Define the following terms:		
			herbivore, carnivore and	Herbivore, Carnivore, Omnivore.		
			omnivore.			
			Identify from and habited	Define the following terms		
			Identify from each habitat	Define the following terms:		
			predator/prey	Predator, Prey.		
			relationships.	Evamula of the application of		
				Example of the application of		
				predator relationships.		

				The use of 'Biological Controls	
			Construct a food web to	Identify different trophic levels in	
			include different tropic	food webs.	
			levels.	Video Link:	
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?	
				v=BKB6-NbaPTE	
Unit	Duration	Topic	Specific Objectives	Suggested Teaching and	Assessment/
				Learning Activities	Practical Activities
			Explain the role of	Define the term decomposers.	HOMEWORK (10%)
			decomposers.		
				Discuss the role of fungi and	PAST PAPER
				bacteria in converting complex	QUESTIONS
				compounds to simple substances.	
			Explain energy flow	Draw a simple diagram of the	
			within	non-cyclic energy flow from the	
			a food chain or web.	sun.	
Living	Nov. 24-28	Symbiosis	Assess the special	Simple treatment of symbiotic	Research Project and
Organisms In			relationships among	relationships: parasitism,	Group Presentations on
The			organisms.	commensalism, mutualism using	Symbiosis
Environment				local examples.	
EXAM PREP & EXAMINATION: DECEMBER 1-16					



Classification of Animals

